

RWE Renewables UK Dogger Bank South (West) Limited RWE Renewables UK Dogger Bank South (East) Limited

Dogger Bank South Offshore
Wind Farms

Environment Agency Statement of Common Ground (Revision 2)

Submission for Deadline 4

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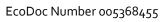




Glossary

| Term | Definition |
|---|--|
| Development Consent Order (DCO) | An order made under the Planning Act 2008 granting development consent for one or more Nationally Significant Infrastructure Project (NSIP). |
| Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) | A statutory process by which certain planned projects must be assessed before a formal decision to proceed can be made. It involves the collection and consideration of environmental information, which fulfils the assessment requirements of the EIA Directive and EIA Regulations, including the publication of an Environmental Statement (ES). |
| Environmental Statement (ES) | A document reporting the findings of the EIA and produced in accordance with the EIA Directive as transposed into UK law by the EIA Regulations. |
| Expert Topic Group (ETG) | A forum for targeted engagement with regulators and interested stakeholders through the EPP. |
| Planning Inspectorate (PINS) | The agency responsible for operating the planning process for Nationally Significant Infrastructure Projects (NSIPs). |
| Preliminary Environmental Information Report (PEIR) | Defined in the EIA Regulations as information referred to in part 1, Schedule 4 (information for inclusion in Environmental Statements) which has been compiled by the Applicants and is reasonably required to assess the environmental effects of the development. |
| Project Change Request | The changes to the DCO application for the Projects set out in Project Change Request 1 - Offshore & Intertidal Works [AS-141] which was accepted into Examination on 21 st January 2025. |
| Project Change Request | The changes to the DCO application for the Projects set out in Project Change Request 2 Onshore Substation Zone [AS-152] which was accepted into Examination on 21 st January 2025. |
| Receptor | A distinct part of the environment on which effects could occur and can be the subject of specific assessments. Examples of Receptors include species (or groups) of animals, plants, people (often categorised further such as 'residential' or those using areas for amenity or recreation), watercourses etc. |
| Statutory consultation | The statutory consultation ran in two periods. The first period ran between 6th June and 17th July 2023, with a second period running between 4th August and 15th September 2023 to gather responses from third parties missed during the initial consultation period. The PEIR was presented as part of this consultation. |







| Term | Definition |
|----------------|--|
| The Applicants | The Applicants for the Projects are RWE Renewables UK Dogger Bank South (East) Limited and RWE Renewables UK Dogger Bank South (West) Limited. The Applicants are themselves jointly owned by the RWE Group of companies (51% stake) and Masdar (49% stake). |
| The Projects | DBS East and DBS West (collectively referred to as the Dogger Bank South Offshore Wind Farms). |





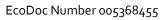


Acronyms

| Acronym | Definition |
|---------|--|
| ALARP | As Low As Reasonably Practicable |
| BNG | Biodiversity Net Gain |
| CEA | Cumulative Effects Assessment |
| CoCP | Code of Construction Practice |
| DBS | Dogger Bank South |
| DCO | Development Consent Order |
| EIA | Environmental Impact Assessment |
| EPP | Evidence Plan Process |
| EPR | Flood Risk Activity Permits |
| ETG | Expert Topic Group |
| ES | Environmental Statement |
| ExA | Examining Authority |
| FRA | Flood Risk Assessment |
| GWDTE | Groundwater Dependent Terrestrial Ecosystems |
| HDD | Horizontal Directional Drilling |
| IDB | Internal Drainage Board |
| PEIR | Preliminary Environmental Information Report |
| PINS | Planning Inspectorate |
| PEMP | Project Environmental Management Plan |
| PINS | Planning Inspectorate |
| RBMP | River Basin Management Plan |
| RIAA | Report to Inform Appropriate Assessment |









| Acronym | Definition | |
|---------|---|--|
| RR | Relevant Representation | |
| SoCG | Statement of Common Ground | |
| WER | Water Environment Regulations Compliance Assessment | |







1 Introduction

1.1 Background

- This Statement of Common Ground (SoCG) has been prepared between RWE Renewables UK Dogger Bank South (West) Ltd and RWE Renewables UK Dogger Bank South (East) Ltd, ('the Applicants') and the Environment Agency ('Environment Agency') to set out the areas of agreement and disagreement between the two parties in relation to the proposed Development Consent Order (DCO) application for the Dogger Bank South ('DBS') West Offshore Wind Farm and DBS East Offshore Wind Farm, collectively known as DBS Offshore Wind Farms (herein 'the Projects').
- 2. The Applicants have applied for development consent to construct and operate the proposed Projects under the Planning Act 2008. Further description of the Projects is available in **Chapter 5 Project Description (Revision 3)** [REP1-009].
- 3. In drafting this SoCG, the Applicants have had regard to the Planning Act 2008 Guidance: Examination stage for Nationally Significant Infrastructure Projects (Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government and Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities, 2024).
- 4. The need for a SoCG between the Applicants and the Environment Agency is set out within the **Rule 6 Letter** [PD-002] issued by the Planning Inspectorate (PINS) on the 24th September 2024 and reiterated in the updated **Rule 6 Letter** [PD-010] issued on 17th December 2024.
- of discussions between the parties and has been structured to reflect topics which are of interest to the Environment Agency, and which have been raised within the Environment Agency's Relevant Representation (RR) [RR-015] to the Dogger Bank South Offshore Wind Farms DCO that has been submitted to the Planning Inspectorate pursuant to the Planning Act 2008.
- 6. This SoCG covers issues that have been raised throughout the Evidence Plan Process (EPP) through the Expert Topic Groups (ETGs) in addition to correspondence on potential Protective Provisions and land matters.
- 7. It is the intention that this document will facilitate further discussions between the Applicants and the Environment Agency and will provide the ExA with a clear overview of the level of common ground between both parties. This document will be updated throughout the Examination process.
- 8. The following application documents have informed the discussions with the Environment Agency and address the elements of the Projects that may affect the interests of the Environment Agency:







Table 1-1 - Application Documents of interest to the Environment Agency

| ES Chapter/ Application Document | Planning Inspectorate (PINS) Reference |
|---|---|
| Draft Development Consent Order superseded by Draft Development Consent Order (Revision 3) | APP-027 (superseded by Revision 5 — REP1-004) |
| Book of Reference superseded by Book of Reference (Revision 3) | APP-031 (superseded by Revision 5 – REP2-006) |
| Chapter 4 Site Selection and Assessment of Alternatives superseded by Site Selection and Assessment of Alternatives (Revision 2) | APP-067 (superseded by Revision 2 - AS-017) |
| Chapter 8 Marine Physical Environment | APP-080 |
| Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology superseded by Environmental Statement Chapter 18 - Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology (Revision 3) | APP-140 (superseded by Revision 5 – REP2-019) |
| Appendix 18-10 Biodiversity Net Gain Strategy | APP-157 |
| Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality | APP-158 |
| Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology | APP-163 (superseded by Revision 2 – REP1-014) |
| Water Environment Regulations Compliance Assessment superseded by Appendix 20-3 - Water Environment Regulations Compliance Assessment (Revision 2) | APP-167 (superseded by Revision 3 - REP1-016) |
| Appendix 20-4 Flood Risk Assessment | APP-168 |
| Outline Code of Construction Practise (CoCP) superseded by Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 2) | APP-234 (superseded by Revision 3 – REP1-025) |
| Outline Ecological Management Plan superseded by Outline Ecological Management Plan (Revision 3) | APP-235 (superseded by Revision 4 – REP2-029) |
| Outline Drainage Strategy superseded by Outline Operational Drainage Strategy (Revision 2) | APP-237 (superseded by Revision 3 – REP2-033) |
| Project Change Request 1 - Environmental Assessment Update | AS-141 |







| ES Chapter/ Application Document | Planning Inspectorate (PINS) Reference |
|---|--|
| Project Change Request 2 - Onshore Substation Zone | AS-152 |
| Arboricultural Survey Report, Preliminary Arboricultural Impact Assessment and Outline Arboricultural Method Statement (Revision 2) | AS-036 |
| Coastal Erosion Rate Technical Note | AS-116 (superseded by Revision 2 – REP3-023) |

The Environment Agency and the Applicants have been working together to minimise possible impacts of the Projects on the Environment Agency's operations, and so the Environment Agency may influence and enhance the design of the Projects where appropriate.

1.2 Approach to SoCG

- This SoCG has been developed during the pre-examination and examination phases of the Projects. In accordance with discussions between the Applicants and the Environment Agency, this SoCG is focused on matters of material interest and relevance to the Environment Agency, namely matters covered in the Application Documents outlined in **Table 1-1** and related topics.
- 11. The structure of this SoCG is as follows:
 - Introduction: background to the development of the SoCG.
 - **Consultation and Engagement:** a summary of consultation and engagement with the Environment Agency to date.
 - Agreement Log: a record of the Applicants' position alongside the Environment Agency's position. Table 3-2 to Table 3-6 sets out those areas agreed in relation to the application documents set out in Table 1-1. Where a matter is 'not agreed' or 'under discussion' this is described in further detail in Table 3-7 to Table 3-9. It is agreed that this SoCG is an accurate description of the areas agreed and under discussion between the parties, and that this SoCG accurately records key meetings and consultation with the Environment Agency.
- As referenced in **Table 2-1**, the Applicants consulted the Environment Agency on Project Change Requests 1 and 2 between 15th November and 16th December 2024. The Environment Agency did not provide any consultation comments on the Project Change Requests.







2 Consultation

2.1 Introduction to Consultation

The Environment Agency have been consulted on the proposed development throughout the pre-application stage, having engaged in the Marine Physical Environment, Water Resources, Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology, Geology and Land Quality, and Flood Risk and Hydrology Expert Topic Groups (ETGs) under the Evidence Plan Process, as well as via non-statutory and statutory consultation under Section 42 of the Planning Act 2008.

2.2 Consultation Summary

Table 2-1 summarises the consultation that the Applicants have undertaken with Environment Agency as statutory or non-statutory consultation during the preapplication and post-application phases. In addition, a number of draft documents have been issued throughout the pre-application stage of the Projects, for review and comments.

Table 2-1 - Summary of pre-application and post-application consultation with the Environment Agency

| Date | Form of Consultation | Meeting Title / Topic | Summary of Consultation |
|--------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| Pre – Applic | ation | | |
| 14/09/2021 | ETG Meeting | Onshore Ecology and Ornithology – Pre-Scoping | The following topics were discussed during the ETG: Project overview; The Evidence Plan Process (EPP); Scoping Report and approach to the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA); and Site selection methodology. |
| 17/09/2021 | ETG Meeting | Water Resources – Pre-Scoping | The following topics were discussed during the ETG: Project overview; The Evidence Plan Process (EPP); Scoping Report and approach to the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA); and Site selection methodology. |







| Date | Form of Consultation | Meeting Title / Topic | Summary of Consultation |
|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| 07/04/2022 | Technical Note | Marine Physical Environment – Method Statement | Method statement outlining the proposed conceptual modelling approach that was proposed to be taken in the assessment of marine physical processes (including the intertidal areas of the possible landfall locations) effects of the Projects. |
| 04/05/2022 | ETG Meeting | Site Selection ETG | The following topics were discussed during the ETG: Project update; Site selection process and methodology; Landfall site; Offshore cable corridor; Onshore substation; and Onshore cable corridor. |
| 26/05/2022 | ETG Meeting | Seabed – Methods Statements | The following topics were discussed during the ETG: Project update Benthic survey method statement Marine Physical Processes method statement |
| 13/12/2022 | Technical Note | Marine Physical Environment – Method Statement | Technical note that expanded on the previous method statement issued on 7 th April 2022, provided further evidence for the relevance of the previous marine physical processes modelling conducted for Dogger Bank A and B in relation to the Projects. |
| 20/01/2023 | ETG Meeting | Marine Physical Environment – Preliminary Environmental Information Report (PEIR) Approach | The following topics were discussed during the ETG: Project update; Existing environment; and Applicability of Creyke Beck modelling studies. |
| 07/02/2023 | ETG Meeting | Seabed ETG – PEIR Approach | The following topics were discussed during the ETG: Project update; Benthic and Intertidal Ecology – existing environment; |





| Date | Form of Consultation | Meeting Title / Topic | Summary of Consultation |
|------------|----------------------------|---|---|
| | | | Fish and Shellfish Ecology – existing environment; and Benthic and Intertidal Ecology PEIR assessed impacts. |
| 20/04/2023 | ETG Meeting | Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology – Project Update, Surveys, PEIR Assessment | The following topics were discussed during the ETG: Project update; Site selection update; Scoping Report status; Ecological survey programme; Desk study; Habitat survey; Wildlife surveys; Assessment scenarios; Ecology assessment; and Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG) strategy. |
| 17/07/2023 | Section 42 Consultation | Marine Physical Environment, Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology, Flood Risk and Hydrology, Geology and Land Quality, EIA Methodology | The Environment Agency's response to Section 42 consultation on PEIR. See Consultation Report Appendix G1 [APP-044]. |
| 20/07/2023 | ETG Meeting | Flood Risk and Hydrology / Geology and Land Use – PEIR Assessments | The following topics were discussed during the ETG: Project update; Surface water Internal Drainage Board (IDB) drains geomorphology; and PEIR Geology and Land Quality. |
| 11/09/2023 | ETG Meeting | Marine Physical Environment – PEIR Comments | The following topics were discussed during the ETG: Project update; Programme; Sensitivity test results; Modelling results; Ongoing modelling; and |







| Date | Form of Consultation | Meeting Title / Topic | Summary of Consultation |
|------------|-------------------------|---|---|
| | | | PEIR comments. |
| 21/09/2023 | ETG Meeting | Seabed – PEIR Comments | The following topics were discussed during the ETG: |
| | | | Project update; Benthic and Intertidal Ecology PEIR comments; Project Design Envelope comments; Holderness Coast inshore Marine Conservation Zone; Cumulative Environmental Assessment; Herring and Sandeel Habitat Assessment and Physical Disturbance; and Underwater noise comments. |
| 28/11/2023 | Email | Flood Risk and Hydrology | Provision of the Outline Drainage Strategy [AS-098] and Environment Agency consultation responses from RWE to Environment Agency. |
| 11/12/2023 | ETG Meeting | Terrestrial Ecology ETG | The following topics were discussed during the ETG: |
| | | | Project overview; Onshore updates; PEIR responses; Terrestrial Ecology baseline survey results; Priority habitats; ES progress; Cumulative Effects Assessment; and BNG update. |
| 28/11/2023 | Draft Documents | Issue of draft Outline Drainage Strategy and written response to comments provided at Statutory S.42 Consultation | Issue of Outline Drainage Strategy [AS-098] and written response to comments provided at Statutory S.42 Consultation ahead of ETG 13/12/2023 |
| 13/12/2023 | ETG Meeting | Flood Risk and Geology ETG | The following topics were discussed during the ETG: |







| Date | Form of Consultation | Meeting Title / Topic | Summary of Consultation |
|------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| | | | Project design update; Flood risk and hydrology – PEIR comments and ES updates; Outline Drainage Strategy; and Geology and Land Quality – PEIR comments and ES updates. |
| 29/01/2024 | ETG Meeting | Benthic Ecology / Marine Physical Environment – Pre-ES ETG | The following topics were discussed during the ETG: Project design update; Physical Processes – summary approach; Physical Processes operational modelling results; Benthic Ecology monitoring survey summary; and PEIR comments. |
| 13/02/2024 | Email | Protective Provisions | Response to Environment Agency regarding their feedback again potentially disapplying the Environmental Permitting in relation to a Flood Defence Consent. |
| 22/02/2024 | Meeting | Protective Provisions | Call to review the draft Environment Agency Protective Provisions |
| 08/03/2024 | Email | Protective Provisions | Actions from call on the 22/02/2024 and issue of draft protective provision for Environment Agency review (no comments received) |
| 15/03/2024 | Email | Project Shapefiles | Provision of latest project route for the Environment Agency's further review (shapefiles). Agreement that DBS would submit the draft Protective Provisions issued in the DCO application and the Environment Agency would provide further comment after submission. |
| 15/03/2024 | Draft Documents | Issue of Draft FRA and Flood Risk and Hydrology mitigation | Draft FRA and Flood Risk and Hydrology mitigation issued ahead of the ETG meeting on the 20/03. |
| 20/03/2024 | ETG Meeting | Flood Risk and Geology ETG | The following topics were discussed during the ETG: |







| Date | Form of Consultation | Meeting Title / Topic | Summary of Consultation |
|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| | | | Project update; Flood Risk and Hydrology ES chapter update; Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) update; Geology and Land Quality ES chapter update; and Agreement logs. |
| 11/04/2024 | ETG Meeting | Benthic Compensation Plan ETG | The following topics were discussed during the ETG: Project design update; Report to Inform Appropriate Assessment (RIAA) conclusions; and Compensation. |
| Post – Appli | cation | | |
| 23/08/2024 | Email | Coastal Processes Query | Neil Wallace issued queries regarding the coastal processes baseline detailed in Chapter 8 Marine Physical Environment [APP-081]. |
| 05/09/2024 | Email | Coastal Processes Query | Daniel Brutto provided an interim response to Neil Wallace regarding his coastal processes queries, noting additional information would be provided at the previous draft Deadline 1 ¹ . |
| 01/10/2024 | Email | SoCG | The Applicants issued a draft SoCG and provided a link to the Rule 6 Letter [PD-002] and Examination Library ahead of the 09/10/2024 meeting. |
| 09/10/2024 | Meeting | SoCG and RR | Meeting to review the draft SoCG and the Applicant's responses to the Environment Agency's RR. |
| 16/10/2024 | Email | SoCG and RR Meeting | The Applicants issued the meeting minutes and presentation slides from the 09/10/2024 meeting and requested comments from the Environment Agency on the SoCG by the 23 rd October 2024. |

¹ Following postponement of the Projects examination, this additional information was provided in the Coastal Erosion Rate Technical Note, issued to the Planning Inspectorate on 6th December 2024.







| Date | Form of Consultation | Meeting Title / Topic | Summary of Consultation |
|------------|-------------------------|---|---|
| 24/10/2024 | Email | SoCG Comments | The Applicants requested an update on when to expect the Environment Agency's comments on the draft SoCG. |
| 24/10/2024 | Email | SoCG Comments | Richard Jennings provided comments on the Terrestrial Ecology section of the SoCG. |
| 25/10/2024 | Email | SoCG Comments | Matthew Wilcock confirmed the Environment Agency's agreement with the Flood Risk and Hydrology section of the draft of the SoCG. |
| 28/10/2024 | Email | SoCG Comments | Lily Booth confirmed her agreement with the Marine Physical Processes section of the draft of the SoCG. |
| 07/11/2024 | Meeting | Ecology Comments from the Environment Agency | Richard Jennings requested a conversation around his comments on the Terrestrial Ecology section of the SoCG. The following topics were discussed during the meeting: Examination update and change request; and SoCG comments provided by the Environment Agency. |
| 15/11/2024 | Email | Meeting Minutes from 07/11/2024 Meeting | The Applicants issued the minutes from the o7/11/2024 meeting to the Environment Agency. |
| 15/11/2024 | Email | Examination Update and Change Requests 1 and 2 | The Applicants informed the Environment Agency about the Project Change Request 1 and 2 and that they will continue to progress the SoCG based on the original onshore converter station design, but the SoCG will reflect that the change is 'under discussion'. |
| 19/12/2025 | Email | SoCG | The Applicants issued a revised draft of the SoCG and informed the Environment Agency of the new Rule 6 Letter [PD-o10] and key Examination dates. |
| 05/01/2025 | Email | Coastal Erosion | Lily Booth at the Environment Agency confirmed she would provide feedback on Coastal Erosion and requested the Coastal Erosion Rate Technical Note [AS-116]. |



| Date | Form of Consultation | Meeting Title / Topic | Summary of Consultation |
|------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| 06/01/2025 | Email | Coastal Erosion | The Applicants provided the updated Coastal Erosion Rate Technical Note [AS-116]. |
| 07/01/2025 | Email | Marine Physical Processes | Lily Booth confirmed her satisfaction with the new way of calculating the erosion rates is appropriate, that items 19 and 20 of the SoCG are agreed, and that item 18 remains not agreed. |
| 07/01/2025 | Email | SoCG | The Applicants followed up with the Environment Agency to ask if they have any comments on the onshore topics in the draft revision of the SoCG and requested a call to discuss. |
| 10/01/2025 | Email | SoCG | The Applicants followed up with the Environment Agency with further dates for a call to discuss SoCG matters and thanked Lily Booth for confirming her position. |
| 23/01/2025 | Email | SoCG | The Applicants shared the version of the SoCG they intend to submit to PINS at Deadline 1. |
| 06/03/2025 | Email | SoCG and Relevant Representations | The Applicants requested a meeting with the Environment Agency to confirm their position on the responses provided to the Relevant Representation in the SoCG ahead of Deadline 4, DCO protective provisions (requested a copy of their wording/comments) and agreement on the scope of River Condition Assessment Surveys and to remind them a response to the ExA's Written Questions was due on the 19 th March. |
| 06/03/2025 | Email | Data Request | Data request sent to the central team to request further flood risk data in the location of the TCC's, located in Flood Zone 3. |
| 07/03/2025 | Email | SoCG and Relevant Representations | Confirmation the EA would attend a meeting in the next two weeks and send the protective provision wording. |



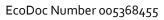




| Date | Form of Consultation | Meeting Title / Topic | Summary of Consultation |
|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| 21/03/2025 | Email | DCO Protective Provisions | The Environment Agency's most recent standard set of protective provisions (January 2025) were issued. |
| 27/03/2025 | Email | Marine Physical Processes | Lily Booth confirmed agreement with the mitigation proposed by the Applicants regarding nearshore cable protection. |
| 02/04/2025 | Email | Environment Agency Response to Written Questions at DL3 and SoCG | Request to discuss the Environment Agency responses to written questions at Deadline 3 and seek a meeting date to agree the current draft of the SoCG agreed ahead of the ISH4 hearings. Draft SoCG Issued. |
| 04/04/2025 | Email | DCO Protective Provisions | The Applicants issued their comments on the DCO protective provisions and requested a meeting. |
| 11/04/2025 | Email | Meeting Request | A further meeting request and proposed agenda was issued, following ISH4. Draft SoCG Issued 02/04 attached for reference. |
| 15/04/2025 | Email | Meeting Dates | Meeting dates provided by the Environment Agency. |
| 16/04/2025 | Email | Shape Files | Shapefiles requested by the Environment Agency and sent by the Applicants the same day, along with confirmation of a meeting on the 22 nd April. |
| 22/04/2025 | Meeting | SoCG, Written Question responses, Deadline 4 and Flood Risk Data | Meeting to agree SoCG Flood Risk Issues ahead of Deadline 4, agreement made to update the SoCG but keep issues under discussion and floow up meeting required. Flood risk data discussed to feed into technical note being prepared for Deadline 5 and outstanding responses to the ExA's written questions. |
| 22/04/2025 | Email | Data Request | Response provided to the data request regarding the 2013 Hull and Holderness modelling. |









| Date | Form of Consultation | Meeting Title / Topic | Summary of Consultation |
|------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| 23/04/2025 | Email | SoCG | The Applicants issued the SoCG and let the Environment Agency know this version would be submitted at Deadline 4. |







Agreement Log

3.1 Overview

- The following sections of this SoCG summarise the level of agreement between the 15. parties for each relevant onshore and offshore topic.
- To easily identify whether a matter is 'agreed', 'not agreed' or 'under discussion', a 16. colour coding system, red, amber, green, is used respectively within the 'position status colour' column as set out in Table 3-1.
- Where a matter is 'not agreed' or 'under discussion' further detail is provided in 17. section 3.7.

Table 3-1 - Agreement logs position status key

| Position Status | Position Status Colour |
|---|------------------------------------|
| The matter is considered to be agreed between the parties. | Agreed |
| The matter is neither 'agreed' or 'not agreed' and is a matter where further discussion is required between the parties, for example where relevant documents are being prepared or reviewed. | Under discussion |
| The matter is not agreed between the parties, however the outcome of the approach taken by either the Applicant or the Environment Agency is not considered to result in a material impact to the assessment conclusions. Discussions have concluded. | Not agreed – No material impact |
| The matter is not agreed between the parties and the outcome of the approach taken by either the Applicant or the Environment Agency is considered to result in a materially different outcome on the assessment conclusions. | Not agreed – material impact |







3.2 General

Table 3-2 - General Topics agreed, in discussion or not agreed with the Environment Agency

| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---|--|--------------------|
| Consult | ation | | |
| 1. | The Applicants have adequately consulted with the Environment Agency throughout all stages of the Projects to date and the summary of Consultation (section 2.20f this SoCG) is a fair and accurate record of pre-application consultation. | | |
| | Section 2 of this document evidences the engagement and consultation process between the Parties. It is the Applicant's position that the Environment Agency have been appropriately engaged throughout the Application process by the Applicant. | | |
| 2. | The Environment Agency have been adequately consulted on the Project Change Request 2 – Onshore Substation Zone which was provided to the Environment Agency as part of a targeted non-statutory consultation exercise on 14 th November 2024 by the Applicants. | The Project Change Request 2 was under consultation until the 16/12/2024, no comments were received. | |
| Site Sel | ection and Assessment of Alternatives | | |
| 3. | The site selection and route refinement outlined in Chapter 4 Site Selection and Assessment of Alternatives [AS-017] has properly considered the alternatives for the relevant elements of the Projects. | The Environment Agency confirmed in Onshore Ecology and Ornithology — Pre-Scoping (14/09/2021) | |





| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|--------------------------|--|--------------------|
| | | that they agree with the approach taken to considering constraints for site selection. | |

3.3 Marine Physical Environment

Table 3-3 - Topics agreed, in discussion or not agreed in relation to Marine Physical Environment

| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---|---|--------------------|
| EIA – PI | anning and Policy | | |
| 4. | All relevant plans and policies have been identified in section 8.4.1 of Chapter 8 Marine Physical Environment [APP-080] and these have been appropriately considered in the assessment. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email 28/10/2024 that this matter is agreed. | |
| EIA – Ba | aseline Environment | | |
| 5. | The ES adequately characterises the baseline environment in as detailed in section 8.5 of Chapter 8 Marine Physical Environment [APP-080]. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email 28/10/2024 that this matter is agreed. | |
| 6. | Sufficient site-specific survey data has been collected to inform the assessment as presented within section 8.5 of Chapter 8 Marine Physical Environment [APP-080]. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email 28/10/2024 that this matter is agreed. | |







| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|--|---|--------------------|
| EIA – As | sessment Methodology | | |
| 7. | The study area identified in section 8.3.1 of Chapter 8 Marine Physical Environment [APP-080] is appropriate. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email 28/10/2024 that this matter is agreed. | |
| 8. | The realistic worst case scenario presented in the assessment for the development scenarios, as outlined in Table 8-1 of Chapter 8 Marine Physical Environment [APP-080] is appropriate. | No response received on this point from the Environment Agency, assumed agreed. | |
| 9. | The embedded mitigation in Table 8-3 of Chapter 8 Marine Physical Environment [APP-080] are appropriate. | No response received on this point from the Environment Agency, assumed agreed. | |
| 10. | The project-specific numerical modelling undertaken for the assessment as presented in the Marine Physical Processes Modelling Technical Report [APP-084] is sufficient to inform the assessment of effects presented in section 8.6 of Chapter 8 Marine Physical Environment [APP-080]. | No response received on this point from the Environment Agency, assumed agreed. | |
| 11. | The impact assessment methodologies used for the EIA, as presented in section 8.4.3 of Chapter 8 Marine Physical Environment [APP-o8o] provide an appropriate approach to assessing potential impacts on the Projects. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email 28/10/2024 that this matter is agreed. | |
| 12. | The assessment of the significance of effects presented in section 8.7 of Chapter 8 Marine Physical Environment [APP-o8o] is consistent with the agreed assessment methodologies. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email 28/10/2024 that this matter is agreed. | |





| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---|--|--------------------|
| 13. | Section 8.7.3 of Chapter 8 Marine Physical Environment [APP-o8o] represents a comprehensive list of the potential impacts during construction. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email 28/10/2024 that this matter is agreed. | |
| 14. | Section 8.7.4 of Chapter 8 Marine Physical Environment [APP-o8o] represents a comprehensive list of the potential impacts during operation. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email 28/10/2024 that this matter is agreed. | |
| 15. | The assessment of cumulative effects, as detailed in section 8.8 of Chapter 8 Marine Physical Environment [APP-080] is consistent with the agreed methodologies. | No response received on this point from the Environment Agency, assumed agreed | |
| EIA - As | sessment Conclusions | | |
| 16. | The conclusions of assessment of significance as detailed in section 8.7 of Chapter 8 Marine Physical Environment [APP-o8o] are appropriate and are considered not significant in EIA terms. | No response received on this point from the Environment Agency, assumed agreed | |
| EIA – Cu | umulative Effects Assessment (CEA) Conclusions | | |
| 17. | The conclusions of the CEA as detailed in section 8.8 of Chapter 8 Marine Physical Environment [APP-o8o] are appropriate and are considered not significant in EIA terms. | No response received on this point from the Environment Agency, assumed agreed | |
| Other M | Natters as Required | | |
| 18. | The proposed minimising of cable protection measures in the nearshore environment is considered acceptable with regards to the significance of | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email dated 27 th March 2025 that they were satisfied with the | |







| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---|---|--------------------|
| | effect assessed in section 8.7 of Chapter 8 Marine Physical Environment [APP-o8o]. The Applicants provided further information regarding their position regarding cable protection in the nearshore environment to the Environment Agency in an email dated 27 th March 2025. This included references to the Applicants responses provided to Natural England on the matter through the pre-examination and examination process to date and the proposed plans to submit an updated physical processes modelling technical note at Deadline 5, focused specifically on the nearshore environment. | information provided and with the mitigation proposed by the Applicants, and that the position of this item as agreed. | |
| 19. | No significant effects on coastal processes within the landfall and wider region will occur as a result of the Projects. The Applicants provided an update to the baseline coastal processes data in the Coastal Erosion Rate Technical Note [AS-116] which answers queries provided by the Environment Agency's on 23 rd August 2024. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email 07/01/2025 that this matter is agreed. | |
| 20. | The coastal erosion rate data presented in Chapter 8 Marine Physical Environment [APP-o8o] is sufficient to inform the assessment. The Applicants provided an update to the baseline coastal processes data in the Coastal Erosion Rate Technical Note [AS-116] which answers queries provided by the Environment Agency's on 23 rd August 2024. | In an email separate to their RR the Environment Agency requested more information on the coastal erosion rates the Applicants presented in the report. They also queried whether there was a mistake in the data presented in Table 8-20 of Chapter 8 Marine Physical Environment [APP-080]. | |
| | | The Environment Agency since confirmed in an email o7/01/2025 that this matter is agreed. | |





3.4 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology

Table 3-4 - Topics agreed, in discussion or not agreed in relation to Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology

| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---|--|--------------------|
| EIA – Pl | anning and Policy | | |
| 21. | All relevant plans and policies have been identified in section 18.4.1 of Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140] and these have been appropriately considered in the assessment. | A comment was raised in the Environment Agency's RR to request reference to the more recent East Riding of Yorkshire Local Plan. | |
| | The Applicants confirmed in the meeting 7 th November 2024 that the new East Riding of Yorkshire Council Local Plan has been referred to in the update to Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [AS-110] submitted to the ExA on 22 nd November 2024. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the 07/11/2024 meeting that updating the wording of Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [PDC-002] would address their comment. | |
| EIA – Ba | aseline Environment | | |
| 22. | The ES adequately characterises the baseline environment in of the Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology risks as detailed in section 18.5 of Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140] Discussed and agreed in the Onshore Ecology and Ornithology – Pre-Scoping (14/09/2021) and Terrestrial Ecology (11/12/2023) ETGs. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Onshore Ecology and Ornithology – Pre-Scoping (14/09/2021) and Terrestrial Ecology (11/12/2023) ETGs they agree with the approach to categorising the baseline. The Environment Agency further confirmed in an email (24/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |







| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|--|---|--------------------|
| 23. | Sufficient survey data has been collected to inform the assessment as presented within section 18.6 of Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140]. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Onshore Ecology and Ornithology – Pre-Scoping ETG (14/09/2021) they agree with the data sources and approach to data collection used to characterise the baseline and the ecological receptors and features being scoped into the survey effort. The Environment Agency further confirmed in an email (24/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| 24. | The impacts scoped in for further assessment detailed in section 18.3.1 of Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140] are appropriate. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Onshore Ecology and Ornithology – Pre-Scoping ETG (14/09/2021) they agree with the impacts scoped in for further assessment. | |
| | | The Environment Agency further confirmed in an email (24/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| EIA – As | ssessment Methodology | | |
| 25. | The study areas identified in section 18.3.2 of Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140] are appropriate. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (24/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| 26. | The realistic worst case scenario presented in the assessment for the development scenarios, as outlined in Table 18-2 of Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140] are appropriate. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (24/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |





| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|--|---|--------------------|
| 27. | The embedded Mitigation in Table 18-4 of Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140] are appropriate. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (24/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| 28. | The impact assessment methodologies used for the EIA, as presented in section 18.4.3 of Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140], provide an appropriate approach to assessing potential impacts on the Projects. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Onshore Ecology and Ornithology – Pre-Scoping ETG (14/09/2021) they agree with the approach to the Ecological Impact Assessment. The Environment Agency further confirmed in an email (24/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| 29. | The assessment of significance presented in section 18.6 Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140] is consistent with the agreed assessment methodologies. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (24/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| 30. | Section 18.6.1 of Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140] represents a comprehensive list of the potential impacts during construction. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (24/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| 31. | Section 18.6.2 Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140] represents a comprehensive list of the potential impacts during operation. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Terrestrial Ecology ETG (19/03/2024) that they agree with the impacts scoped out that do not require further assessment. As such the impacts scoped in are agreed. | |
| | | The Environment Agency further confirmed in an email (24/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |





| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|--|---|--------------------|
| 32. | The additional mitigation set out in section 18.6 of Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140] is acceptable and appropriate. The Applicants confirmed in the 7 th November 2024 meeting that the wording of Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140] has been updated in the to reflect the Environment Agency's comments. The additional wording is included in Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology (Revision 3) [AS-110]. | RR commented on Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140] para 344 (p.115) 'If vegetation removal is required during the bird nesting season, an ornithologist/ecologist should be on site and oversee each section that is cut down. Leaving it for 48 hours after the initial check, risks birds coming in and starting nesting' and on para 454 (p.151) that 'As well as covering excavations at night, they should also be fitted with a ramp to allow pets and wild animals to escape if they should fall into them' as detailed in section 3.7.2 and Table 3-8. The Environment Agency confirmed in the 07/11/2024 meeting that updating the wording of Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [PDC-002] would address their comment. | |
| 33. | The assessment of cumulative effects, as detailed in section 18.8 of Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140] is consistent with the agreed methodologies. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (24/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| EIA - As | sessment Conclusions | | |
| 34. | The conclusions of the assessment of significance as detailed in in section 18.6 of Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140] are appropriate and are considered not significant in EIA terms. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (24/10/2024)) that this matter is agreed. | |







| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|--|--|--------------------|
| 35. | The conclusions of the impact assessment as detailed in section 18.12 of Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140] are appropriate in relation to residual significant effects identified in relation to breeding birds and ancient woodland. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (24/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| EIA – CE | EA Conclusions | | |
| 36. | The conclusions of the CEA as detailed in section 18.8 of Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140] are appropriate and are considered not significant in EIA terms. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (24/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| Draft D | CO / Outline Management Plans / Mitigation and Monitoring | | |
| 37. | The Outline Ecological Management Plan (OEMP) [AS-114] includes all relevant mitigation measures specified in Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140] and is appropriate for managing construction impacts from the Projects on ecological receptors. | The Environment Agency submitted in their RR that as well as covering excavations at night, they should also be fitted with a ramp to allow pets and wild animals to escape if they should fall into them. | |
| | Requirement 12 of the Draft DCO is to submit a EMP to the planning authority in consultation with Natural England and (where works have potential to affect wetland habitat) the Environment Agency for approval post-consent is appropriate. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (24/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| 38. | The outcomes of the biodiversity assessment set out in the BNG Strategy [APP-157] are agreed and Requirement 32 of the Draft DCO to submit a | Comments raised in the RR on the following elements of the BNG strategy, as detailed in section 3.7.2 and Table 3-8 : | |





| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---|---|--------------------|
| | revised net gain strategy, based on the final design to the planning authority for approval post-consent is appropriate. | Missing Baseline Information / Data – River Condition Assessment; Watercourse Strategic Significance; Watercourse Distinctiveness; Failure to Demonstrate No Net Loss or Biodiversity Net Gain; and Opportunity for river restoration to support BNG & Humber RBMP. | |
| Other M | latters as Required | | |
| 39. | There are no impacts upon fisheries as per Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140]. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (24/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| 40. | The responses provided to the Environment Agency's Section 42 Consultation comments on the 28/11/2023 and included in the Consultation Report Appendix G [APP-044] are appropriate and acceptable. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Terrestrial Ecology ETG (11/12/2023) they accept the responses to the PEIR comments provided in advance of the ETG. The Environment Agency further confirmed in an email (24/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| 41. | Chapter 18 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology [APP-140] fully considers the following topics as set out in the Rule 6 Letter [PD-002]: • groundwater dependent ecosystems | A comment about chalk streams was raised in the Environment Agency's RR, see section 3.7.3 and Table 3-9 . | |





3.5 Geology and Land Quality

Table 3-5 - Topics agreed, in discussion or not agreed in relation to Geology and Land Quality

| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status | |
|------------|---|---|--------------------|--|
| EIA – PI | anning and Policy | | | |
| 42. | All relevant plans and policies have been identified in section 19.4.1 of Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality [APP-158] and these have been appropriately considered in the assessment. | | | |
| | The Environment Agency did not raise any issues on this subject throughout the ETG process, as part of their Section 42 response, or within their RR. It is therefore considered by the Applicant that the matter is agreed. | | | |
| EIA – Ba | seline Environment | | | |
| 43. | The ES adequately characterises the baseline environment in of the Geology and Land Quality risks as detailed in section 19.5 of Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality [APP-158]. Discussed and agreed in the Flood Risk and Geology ETG (13/12/2023). | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Flood Risk and Geology ETG (13/12/2023) that they agree with the characterisation and coverage of the baseline environment. | | |
| 44. | Sufficient survey data has been collected to inform the assessment as presented within section 19.6 of Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality [APP-158]. | | | |





| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|--|---|--------------------|
| | The Environment Agency did not raise any issues on this subject throughout the ETG process, as part of their Section 42 response, or within their RR. It is therefore considered by the Applicant that the matter is agreed. | | |
| EIA – As | ssessment Methodology | | |
| 45. | The study areas identified in section 19.3.2 of Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality [APP-158] are appropriate. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Flood Risk and Geology ETG (13/12/2023) that they agree with the study area coverage. | |
| 46. | The realistic worst case scenario presented in the assessment for the development scenarios, as outlined in Table 19-1 of Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality [APP-158] are appropriate. | | |
| | The Environment Agency did not raise any issues on this subject throughout the ETG process, as part of their Section 42 response, or within their RR. It is therefore considered by the Applicant that the matter is agreed. | | |
| 47. | The embedded mitigation measures in Table 19-3 of Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality [APP-158] are appropriate. | | |
| | The Environment Agency did not raise any issues on this subject throughout the ETG process, as part of their Section 42 response, or within their RR. It is therefore considered by the Applicant that the matter is agreed. | | |





| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|--|---|--------------------|
| 48. | The impact assessment methodologies used for the EIA, as presented in section 19.4.3 of Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality [APP-158], provide an appropriate approach to assessing potential impacts on the Projects. The Applicants have included potable groundwater abstractions within the Geo-environmental Desk Study and Preliminary Risk Assessment. The Applicants have also included an assessment on the identified potable groundwater abstractions within Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality [APP-158]. | | |
| 49. | The Receptors identified in section 19.6 of Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality [APP-158] are appropriate. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Flood Risk and Geology ETG (13/12/2023) that they agree with the coverage of Receptors identified. | |
| 50. | The assessment of significance presented in section 19.6 of Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality [APP-158] is consistent with the agreed assessment methodologies. The Environment Agency did not raise any issues on this subject throughout the ETG process, as part of their Section 42 response, or within their RR. It is therefore considered by the Applicant that the matter is agreed. | | |
| 51. | Section 19.6.1 of Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality [APP-158] represents a comprehensive list of the potential effects during construction. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Flood Risk and Geology ETGs (13/12/2023 and 20/03/2024) that they agree with the potential effects during construction. | |





| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|--|--|--------------------|
| 52. | Section 19.6.2 of Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality [APP-158] represents a comprehensive list of the potential effects during operation. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Flood Risk and Geology ETGs (13/12/2023 and 20/03/2024) that they agree with the potential effects during construction. | |
| 53. | The assessment of cumulative effects, as detailed in section 19.8 of Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality [APP-158] is consistent with the agreed methodologies. | | |
| | The Environment Agency did not raise any issues on this subject throughout the ETG process, as part of their Section 42 response, or within their RR. It is therefore considered by the Applicant that the matter is agreed. | | |
| EIA - As | sessment Conclusions | | |
| 54- | The additional mitigation measures proposed in section 19.6.1 of Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality [APP-158] during construction are appropriate and acceptable. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Flood Risk and Geology ETGs (13/12/2023 and 20/03/2024) that they agree with the mitigation measures proposed during construction. | |
| 55. | The additional mitigation measures proposed in section 19.6.2 of Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality [APP-158] during operation are appropriate and acceptable. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Flood Risk and Geology ETGs (13/12/2023 and 20/03/2024) that they agree with the mitigation measures proposed during operation. | |





| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---|---|--------------------|
| 56. | The conclusions of the assessment of significance as detailed in in section 19.6 of Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality [APP-158] are appropriate and are considered not significant in EIA terms. | | |
| | The Environment Agency did not raise any issues on this subject throughout the ETG process, as part of their Section 42 response, or within their RR. It is therefore considered by the Applicant that the matter is agreed. | | |
| EIA – CE | A Conclusions | | |
| 57. | The conclusions of the CEA as detailed in section 19.8 of Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality [APP-158] are appropriate and are considered not significant in EIA terms. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Flood Risk and Geology ETGs (13/12/2023 and 20/03/2024) that they agree with the approach and results of the CEA. | |
| Draft DO | CO / Outline Management Plans / Mitigation and Monitoring | | |
| 58. | The Outline Code of Construction Practice (CoCP) [AS-094] includes all relevant mitigation measures specified in Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality [APP-158] and is appropriate for managing construction impacts from the Projects on geological and ground water receptors. Requirement 19 of the Draft DCO to submit a CoCP to the planning authority for approval post-consent is appropriate. | Comment received in the RR (RR-015: 22) in relation to works within SPZ1 and the requirement for appropriate mitigation. However, this was agreed at the Statement of Common Ground (SoCG) meeting on the 09/10/2024 that no amendments to the application were required. | |
| 59. | The Onshore Waste Assessment [APP-162] is appropriate and agreed. | Comment made in the RR (RR-015: 23) on 'Mirror entry non-hazardous wastes and the WM3 guidance'. | |





| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---|---|--------------------|
| | | However this was agreed at the Statement of Common Ground (SoCG) meeting on the 09/10/2024 that no amendments to the application were required. | |
| Other M | latters as Required | | |
| 60. | The responses to the Environment Agency's Section 42 Consultation comments in Consultation Report Appendix G [APP-044] provided as a written response on the 3 rd November 2023 are appropriate and acceptable. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Flood Risk and Geology ETG (13/12/2023) that they agree with the Section 42 Consultation responses as provided in written correspondence. | |
| 61. | Volume 7, Chapter 19 Geology and Land Quality [APP-158] fully considers the following topics as set out in the Rule 6 Letter [PD-002]: | | |
| | Land contamination; Ground water and SPZ's; Identification and assessment of existing landfill; and Waste Management. | | |
| | Specific comments on SPZ's and waste management were raised in the Environment Agency RR RR-015: 22 and RR-015: 23 and have been agreed, as detailed above. | | |
| | The Environment Agency has not raised any further issues on contamination or existing landfill throughout the ETG process, as part of their Section 42 response, or within their RR. It is therefore considered by the Applicant that the matter is agreed. | | |





3.6 Flood Risk and Hydrology

Table 3-6 - Topics agreed, in discussion or not agreed in relation to Flood Risk and Hydrology

| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---|---|--------------------|
| EIA – PI | anning and Policy | | |
| 62. | All relevant plans and policies have been identified in section 20.4.1 of Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology [APP-163] and these have been appropriately considered in the assessment. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (25/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| EIA – Ba | aseline Environment | | |
| 63. | The ES adequately characterises the baseline environment in of the Flood Risk and Hydrology risks as detailed in section 20.5 of Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology [APP-163]. Discussed and agreed in the Water Resources – Pre -Scoping (17/09/2021) ETG. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Water Resources — Pre-Scoping (17/09/2021) and Flood Risk and Geology (13/12/2023) ETGs that they agree with the approach to characterising the baseline. | |
| | | In the Water Resources – Pre-Scoping (17/09/2021) the Environment Agency agreed with the baseline characterisation if future flood risk models and coastal change (Shoreline Management Plans) were considered. The Applicant has taken all current and relevant models, studies, and reports into account in the Flood Risk Assessment. This matter was closed out in the Flood Risk and Geology (13/12/2023) ETG. | |







| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|--|--|--------------------|
| | | The Environment Agency further confirmed in an email (25/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| 64. | Sufficient survey data has been collected to inform the assessment as presented within section 20.6 of Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology [APP-163]. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Water Resources — Pre-Scoping (17/09/2021) ETG they agree with the approach to data collection. | |
| 65. | The Receptors identified in section 20.6 of Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology [APP-163] are appropriate. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Flood Risk and Geology ETG (13/12/2023) that they agree with the Receptors identified. | |
| | | The Environment Agency further confirmed in an email (25/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| 66. | The impacts scoped in for further assessment detailed in section 20.3.1 of Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology [APP-163] are appropriate. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Water Resources – Pre-Scoping (17/09/2021) ETG they agree with the impacts scoped in for further assessment. | |
| | | The Environment Agency further confirmed in an email (25/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| EIA – As | sessment Methodology | | |
| 67. | The study areas identified in section 20.3.2 of Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology [APP-163] are appropriate. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Flood Risk and Geology (13/12/2023) ETG that they agree with the study areas identified. | |







| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---|---|--------------------|
| | | The Environment Agency further confirmed in an email (25/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| 68. | The realistic worst case scenario presented in the assessment for the development scenarios, as outlined in Table 20-1 of Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology [APP-163] are appropriate. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (25/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| 69. | The embedded mitigation measures in Table 20-3 of Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology [APP-163] are appropriate. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (25/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| 70. | The impact assessment methodologies used for the EIA, as presented in section 20.4.3 of Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology [APP-163], provide an appropriate approach to assessing potential impacts on the Projects. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Water Resources — Pre-Scoping (17/09/2021) and Flood Risk and Geology (13/12/2023) ETGs that they agree with the approach to the impact assessment methodologies. | |
| | | The Environment Agency further confirmed in an email (25/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| 71. | The assessment of significance presented in section 20.6 of Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology [APP-163] is consistent with the agreed assessment methodologies. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (25/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| 72. | Section 20.6.1 of Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology [APP-163] represents a comprehensive list of the potential effects during construction. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (25/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |





| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|--|---|--------------------|
| 73. | Section 20.6.2 of Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology [APP-163] represents a comprehensive list of the potential effects during operation. The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (25/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | | |
| 74. | The additional mitigation set out in section 20.6.1 of Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology [APP-163] is appropriate and acceptable. The Environment Agency confirmed in the Flood Risk and Geology ETG (20/03/2024) that they agre with the proposed mitigation. The Environment Agency further confirmed in an email (25/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | | |
| 75. | The assessment of cumulative effects, as detailed in section 20.8 of Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology [APP-163] is consistent with the agreed methodologies. The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (25/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | | |
| EIA - As | sessment Conclusions | | |
| 76. | The conclusions of the assessment of significance as detailed in in section 20.6 of Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology [APP-163] are appropriate and are considered not significant in EIA terms. | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (25/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| EIA – CE | EA Conclusions | | |
| 77- | The conclusions of the CEA as detailed in section 20.8 of Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology [APP-163] are appropriate and are considered not significant in EIA terms. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Flood Risk and Geology ETG (13/12/2023) that they agree with the outcomes of the CEA. | |





| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|--|--|--------------------|
| | | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (25/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| Draft D | CO / Outline Management Plans / Mitigation and Monitoring | | |
| 78. | The Protective Provisions set out in Schedule 15 of the Draft DCO [AS-120] are considered appropriate. | See section 3.7.3 and Table 3-9. | |
| 79. | The Outline CoCP [AS-094] includes all relevant mitigation measures specified in Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology [APP-163] and is appropriate for managing construction impacts from the Projects on | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Flood Risk and Geology ETG (13/12/2023) that they agree with the proposed mitigation measures. | |
| | ecological receptors. Requirement 19 of the Draft DCO to submit a CoCP to the planning authority for approval post-consent is appropriate. | The Environment Agency's comments regarding haul road design and additional mitigation measures in Flood Zones 2 and 3 were closed out and agreed in this meeting. | |
| | | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (25/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| 80. | The Outline Drainage Strategy [AS-098] includes sufficient clarification regarding Greenfield run-off rates and is appropriate and acceptable. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Flood Risk and Geology ETG (20/03/2024) they agree with the Outline Drainage Strategy. | |
| | | The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (25/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |





| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status | |
|------------|--|---|--------------------|--|
| 81. | The outcomes of the Flood Risk Assessment [APP-168] including the climate change allowances are acceptable. | The draft Flood Risk Assessment was discussed with the Environment Agency in the Flood Risk and Geology ETG (20/03/2024) and no points of discussion were raised regarding the document. The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (25/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | | |
| 82. | The outcomes of the Water Environment Regulations Compliance Assessment (WER) [AS-074] are acceptable. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Flood Risk and Geology ETG (13/12/2023) they agree with the WER. Further comments were raised in the RR as detailed in section 3.7.3 and Table 3-9. | | |
| Other M | latters as Required | | | |
| 83. | The Crossing methodology for Flood Risk and Hydrology assets detailed in the Obstacle Crossing Register [APP-074] is appropriate and acceptable. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Flood Risk and Geology ETGs (13/12/2023 & 20/03/2024) that they agree with the Crossing methodology. However further comments have been raised in their RR see, section 3.7.3 and Table 3-9. | | |
| 84. | The responses to the Environment Agency's Section 42 Consultation comments in Consultation Report Appendix G [APP-044] provided as a written response on the 11 th November 2023 are appropriate and acceptable. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Flood Risk and Geology ETG (20/03/2024) that they agree | | |







| SoCG ID | The Applicants' Position | The Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---|---|--------------------|
| | Additional clarification regarding the 30-year design lifetime was added to the FRA in response to the Environment Agency's Section 42 Consultation comments. | with the Applicant's response to their Section 42 Consultation comments. The Environment Agency confirmed in an email (25/10/2024) that this matter is agreed. | |
| 85. | The Works proposed to be undertaken in Flood Zones 2 and 3 are appropriate and acceptable. | The Environment Agency confirmed in the Flood Risk and Geology ETG (13/12/2023) that they agree with the proposed Works. However further comments have been raised in | |
| | | their RR see, section 3.7.3 and Table 3-9 . | |

3.7 Status of Discussions for Matters 'Not Agreed' or 'Under Discussion'

3.7.1 Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology

Table 3-7 - Status of discussions relating to Terrestrial Ecology and Ornithology

| SoCG ID | Discussion Point | Applicants' Position | Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---|--|--|--------------------|
| 38. | BNG Assessment [APP-157] - Missing | This matter was discussed and agreed with the Environment Agency at a meeting the 07/11/2024 and again at the oCG meeting on the 22/04/2025. The Applicants are currently undertaking river condition assessments (RCAs), which will | RR-015: 17 Appendix 18-10 -Biodiversity Net Gain Strategy [APP-157] states "RCAs were not carried out as part of the baseline habitat surveys." | |







| SoCG ID | Discussion Point | Applicants' Position | Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|--|--|--|--------------------|
| | Baseline Information / Data – River Condition Assessment | be completed at the end of April 2025. The results will be incorporated into a second revisions of Appendix 18-10 - Biodiversity Net Gain Strategy [APP-157], at Deadline 5, to confirm the number of Watercourse Units. | However, Table 18-10-9 of the Appendix 18-10 - Biodiversity Net Gain Strategy [APP-157], and the associated Statutory Biodiversity Metric (Annex B), report an on-site baseline value of 28.04 Watercourse Units. | |
| | | | Based on the current information, it is not clear how the on-site baseline value for Watercourse Units has been calculated. | |
| | | | We recommend that river condition assessments (and ditch condition assessments) are carried out for the watercourse habitat within the proposed development site, and that this information is provided prior (not after) to the consent. Appendix 18-10 - Biodiversity Net Gain Strategy [APP-157], and associated statutory Biodiversity Metric, should be updated to include the results of the river condition assessment. | |
| | | | The Environment Agency agreed in the 7 th November 2024 meeting that it is acceptable for the Applicants to undertake the RCAs in spring/early summer 2025. | |
| | BNG Strategy [APP-157] Watercourse | This matter was discussed at a meeting on the 7 th November 2024 and again at a meeting on the 22 nd April where the Applicants set out that the current BNG strategy is outline | RR-015: 18 The statutory Biodiversity Metric calculation tool provided in Annex B of Appendix 18-10 - Biodiversity Net Gain Strategy [APP-157] | |







| SoCG ID | Discussion Point | Applicants' Position | Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---|---|--|--------------------|
| | Strategic Significance | and that they have committed to updating the BNG strategy at Deadline 5 to take to include the Project Change Request 2 [AS-152] and RCA survey results. In addition, the BNG strategy will also be updated at the detailed design stage. The methods for assessing the strategic significance of watercourses will be outlined and calculations updated, where necessary as part of the Biodiversity Metric calculations, at Deadline 5 | records the strategic significance of all on-site baseline watercourse habitat as Low. Table 18-10-5 (Levels of strategic significance) of the BNG strategy describes strategic significance for terrestrial area-based habitat but doesn't include information specific to watercourse habitat. As such, it is unclear how strategic significance has been determined for watercourse habitat. If the strategic significance of baseline watercourse habitat has been under-recorded, there is a risk that Watercourse Unit losses are under-represented in the Biodiversity Metric calculation. To ensure the proposed development and associated BNG strategy can be accurately assured, we recommend that the BNG strategy is updated to outline how strategic significance has been determined for watercourse habitat. | |
| | BNG Strategy [APP-157] - Watercourse Distinctiveness | APP-157] - November 2024 and again at a SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April where the Applicants set out that all matters relating to | RR-015: 19 It is unclear whether the correct distinctiveness multipliers have been applied to the on-site watercourse habitat. | |
| | | Watercourse Distinctiveness will be updated at Deadline 5 pending the results of the updated RCAs (due to be completed end of April 2025). Figures presented within the Biodiversity Metric include some total/combined lengths of | te to be The proposed development crosses a significant number of watercourses, including rivers and | |







| SoCG ID | Discussion Point | Applicants' Position | Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|--|---|--|--------------------|
| | | watercourses which is likely a contributing reason for the number of watercourses not aligning with Appendix 5-2-Obstacle Crossing Register [APP-074]. The Applicants confirmed at the meetings the watercourse baseline worksheet would be reviewed following the results of the RCAs. | listed in the Appendix 5-2 - Obstacle Crossing Register [APP-074] doesn't appear to be consistent with the number of rows listed in the onsite watercourse baseline worksheet of the statutory Biodiversity Metric provided in Annex B of the Appendix 18-10 - Biodiversity Net Gain Strategy [APP-157]. | |
| | | | If the distinctiveness of the of baseline watercourse habitat has been under recorded, there is a risk that baseline number of Watercourse Units and any Watercourse Unit losses are under-represented in the Biodiversity Metric calculation. We recommend that the BNG strategy and associated statutory Biodiversity Metric is updated to explain how watercourse distinctiveness has been applied. | |
| | Failure to Demonstrate No Net Loss or BNG | The availability of 4.5 watercourse units (comprising 3.42 Ditch Units and 1.08 Other Rivers and Streams Units) has been provisionally identified via a private third-party. This quantum of units would allow the Projects to deliver no net loss, based on the calculations provided within the June 2024 Biodiversity Net Gain Strategy [APP-157]. It is acknowledged however, that the current Biodiversity Net Gain Strategy [APP-157] calculations require revision based upon revised RCA surveys, strategic significance, | RR-015: 20 Sections 18.10.5.4 (Recommendations for Management to Maximise Biodiversity Benefits) and 18.10.5.5 (Off-site Compensation Proposals) of Appendix 18-10 - Biodiversity Net Gain Strategy [APP-157] also do not include information relating to Watercourse habitat / Units. Although the BNG strategy highlights that consultation with external stakeholders has revealed viable options for off-site Biodiversity Unit delivery, it is unclear if this | |







| SoCG ID | Discussion Point | Applicants' Position | Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---|--|---|--------------------|
| | | distinctiveness, and spatial risk and therefore, the quantum of watercourse units required to deliver no-net-loss may change. It is acknowledged and agreed that different biodiversity unit types must be reported separately and not summed to give an overall biodiversity unit value. Appendix 18-10 - Biodiversity Net Gain Strategy [APP-157] will be updated at Deadline 5 to provide greater certainty that it is feasible for the Projects to demonstrate, as a minimum no net loss, for Watercourse Units when the RCA surveys have been completed which is planned for the end of April 2025. This Applicants discussed and agreed this approach this with the Environment Agency at a SoCG meeting on the 9th October. The agreement to keep this point open for discussion until after Deadline 5 was made at the SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April 2025. | includes options for Watercourse Units. All references to 'spatial risk' within the BNG strategy relate to Local Planning Authority or National Character Area boundaries, which are used to determine the multiplier for area-based Habitat Units. Spatial risk multipliers for off-site delivery of Watercourse Units are determined using waterbody or operational catchment boundaries. Currently, there is limited information to demonstrate that achieving no net loss or a BNG for Watercourse Units is feasible. | |
| | Failure to Demonstrate No Net Loss or BNG | This matter was discussed at the 7 th November 2024 meeting where the Applicants set out that whilst the Projects are not required to achieve a 10% BNG, no net loss and a gain where possible has been sought by the Applicants whilst developing the outline BNG strategy. The Applicants are in conversation with suppliers of offsite units, with options available in the neighbouring Landscape Character Area. Spatial risk | RR-o15: 20 While achieving a minimum 10% BNG is not yet a statutory requirement for NSIPs, it is our understanding that the proposed development is committed to achieving a no net loss or a BNG in line with the principles and rules of the statutory Biodiversity Metric. It is an important rule of the Biodiversity Metric that the three types of | |





| SoCG ID | Discussion Point | Applicants' Position | Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|--|---|---|--------------------|
| | | multipliers have been considered depending on where offsite mitigation is located. This option, if agreed would satisfy the requirement to achieve no net loss. In addition, the Applicants will continue to progress conversations with the East Riding of Yorkshire Council regarding the purchase of local offsite BNG units. However, there are no current projects available. The Applicants consider this matter agreed. | biodiversity units (Habitat Units, Hedgerow Units and Watercourse Units) are unique and cannot be summed, traded, or converted. When reporting biodiversity gains or losses with the metric, the three different biodiversity unit types must be reported separately and not summed to give an overall biodiversity unit value. We recommend that the BNG strategy is updated to provide greater certainty that it is feasible for the proposed development to demonstrate a no net loss or BNG for Watercourse Units – this includes undertaking robust baseline habitat condition assessments, and providing narrative of how on-site, or where necessary off-site, compensatory watercourse habitat is likely to be delivered. | |
| | Additional information: Opportunity for river restoration to support BNG & Humber RBMP | This matter was discussed at the 7 th November 2024 meeting. The Applicants agreed they would review any potential projects and identify if there were any viable options, no further options have been identified at this stage. However, the BNG strategy will be updates considering the detailed design and could incorporate any suitable Projects at that stage. The Applicants consider this matter agreed. | RR-015: 21 In line with the Humber River Basin Management Plan (RBMP), we recommend that the proposed development is used as an opportunity to restore or improve water bodies within or close to the proposed development. Opportunities to improve the condition of on- or off-site water bodies that are likely to yield Watercourse Units include removal of redundant inchannel and riparian physical modifications, improvements to in-channel and riparian | |







| SoCG ID | Discussion Point | Applicants' Position | Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|--------------------|
| | | | morphology, and improvements to the vegetation structure of the watercourse and its riparian zone. | |

3.7.2 Flood Risk and Hydrology

Table 3-8 - Status of discussions relating to Flood Risk and Hydrology

| SoCG ID | Discussion Point | Applicants' Position | Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---|--|---|--------------------|
| 78. | Protective Provisions - Draft DCO Part 2 Section 6 (a) and Schedule 15 Part 3 disapplication of Environmental Permitting Regulations (England & | A copy of the Environment Agency's preferred form of protective provisions was requested prior to submission of the DCO; however, these have not yet been received. The Applicants' draft protective provisions were provided to the Environment Agency on 8th March 2024. The Environment Agency agreed with the Applicants, via email on the 15 th March 2024, they would provide further comments on the Applicants draft Protective Provisions after submission. At the Environment Agency Statement of Common Ground and Relevant Representation Meeting (09/10/24), a further request was made for the Environment Agency's form of | RR 015:7 The Applicant requests disapplication of the provision of the EPR, which relate to permits for flood risk activities. The applicant has included a suggested form of protective provisions for the benefit of the Environment Agency. The Environment Agency are currently considering whether or not it would be appropriate to agree to this disapplication of EPR. We do not normally agree to disapplication without protective provisions in our preferred form being included in the DCO. | |







| SoCG ID | Discussion Point | Applicants' Position | Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---|--|---|--------------------|
| | Wales) 2016 (EPR) | protective provisions and the Applicants await receipt of these. The Applicants received the draft protective provisions on the 21 st March 2025 and provided comments to the Environment Agency on the 4 th April 2025. A meeting has been requested with the Environment legal team to agree if the proposed changes are acceptable. A representative was unable to attend the SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April 2025. | The Environment Agency issued draft Protective Provisions on the 21 st March 2025. | |
| 82. | Appendix 20-3 WER Compliance assessment - Table 20-3-4 Scoping Assessment for the River Water Bodies, Page 80 | As described in section 20.6.1.1 of Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology [APP-163], the direct disturbance of surface water bodies refers to trenched watercourse crossings and the use of temporary water course crossings for the haul road. As stated in section 20.3.1 of Chapter 20 Flood Risk and Hydrology [APP-163], during the Projects' scoping stage, it was agreed that the direct disturbance of surface water bodies would be scoped out during the operational phase. Once the Projects are operational there will be no mechanisms by which elements of the Projects could directly disturb water bodies. The cable route does not cross any chalk rivers. The Natural England Chalk Rivers data set (Chalk Rivers (England) Natural England Open Data Geoportal has been checked to confirm this. | RR-105:8 In our response to the Scoping Opinion in December 2021 we noted: "direct disturbance of surface water bodies during operation has been scoped out as post-construction there will be no mechanisms by which elements of the Projects could directly disturb water bodies". If the cable route crosses chalk river / floodplain habitat, even via trenchless techniques, there may be potential for the underground service to impact upon the processes controlling groundwater/surface-water interaction. In chalk streams such interactions are very important. Based on this, perhaps the potential impact of | |







| SoCG ID | Discussion Point | Applicants' Position | Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---------------------|--|---|--------------------|
| | | Potential operational impacts associated with underground infrastructure, which crosses below floodplains, are | direct disturbance of surface water bodies during the operational phase should be scoped in. | |
| | | assessed in the Table 20-3-6 of Appendix 20-3 Water Environment Regulations Compliance Assessment [AS-074]. The scoping questions for the groundwater body crossed by the Projects include impacts on Groundwater | Based on the above, we would like to see justification for the decision to scope out all operational activities. | |
| | | Dependent Terrestrial Ecosystems (GWDTE) and any additional surface water bodies that could become noncompliant. The area of permanent infrastructure in the groundwater catchment is equivalent to 0.04% of the catchment area. Note that this figure is incorrectly stated as 0.05% in Appendix 20-3 Water Environment Regulations Compliance Assessment [AS-074]. The document has been updated to give the correct figure in Appendix 20-3 Water Environment Regulations Compliance Assessment (Revision 2) [AS-074]. Although there may be localised changes to flow paths and directions | The Environment Agency raised a further point on this in their response to HF.1.6 at Deadline 3 where it was stated 'If the cable route crosses chalk river / floodplain habitat, even via trenchless techniques, there may be potential for the underground service to impact upon the processes controlling groundwater/surfacewater interaction. In chalk streams such interactions are very important. We would therefore recommend that the operational activities are scoped in for the hydromorphology quality elements for table 20-3-4.' | |
| | | of groundwater in the vicinity of buried/near surface infrastructure, these small scale changes are unlikely to impact GWDTEs or dependent surface water features. Any localised dewatering needed for unplanned emergency repairs is unlikely to significantly alter the movement or level of groundwater in the wider groundwater body (which measures 1,967km²) or affect gross patterns of groundwater flow. | This was discussed at the SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April 2025. The Environment Agency agreed to review the Applicants response and provide comments or agree, as the relevant Environment Agency specialist was unable to attend the SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April. | |







| SoCG ID | Discussion Point | Applicants' Position | Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---|---|--|--------------------|
| | | This was discussed with the Environment Agency at the Statement of Common Ground (SoCG) meeting on the og/10/2024 and no further comments were raised. | | |
| | | This was discussed at the SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April 2025. The Environment Agency agreed to review the Applicants response here and their response on HF.1.6 provded at Deadline 4 and provide further comment. | | |
| | Appendix 20-3 WER Compliance assessment – Page 41 | There is one permeant culvert proposed, where the access road to the Onshore Converter Stations crosses a drain, see crossing WX-o63 in Appendix 5-2 Obstacle Crossing Register [AS-o53]. This is not a Main River and the Crossing Method Statement would be agreed with the relevant drainage authority, in this case the Lead Local Flood Authority (ERYC). In terms of mitigation, the permanent culverts will be adequately sized to avoid impounding flows (including allowing for increased winter flows as a result of climate change) and the invert set below bed level to allow bedload transport. This additional detail for permanent culverts has been added to the Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 2) [AS-o94]. This was discussed with the Environment Agency at the SoCG meeting on the o9/10/2024 and again at the SoCG | RR-o15:9 "Onshore infrastructure would not create a permanent barrier to the downstream movement of water or sediment, or the upstream movement of fish." The Environment Agency would like confirmation that there will be no permanent culverted structures as part of the scheme. If there are, please present mitigation for their effects. This was discussed at the SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April and agreed that there would be no permanent culverts crossing main rivers. It was confirmed the one Ordinary water course crossings would be agree with the LLFA. Therefore, this matter could be agreed. | |







| SoCG Discussion ID Point | Applicants' Position | Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|--|--|--|--------------------|
| | meeting on the 22 nd April where it was confirmed this matter could be agreed. | | |
| Appendix 20 Water Environmen Regulations Compliance Assessment Pages 82/65 and 7.5 Environmen Statement - Pages 128/311-312 (Plate 5-12) | [document reference 8.9] states at para 207, that "The Onshore Export Cables will be set below the channel bed at a depth dependent on local geology and geomorphological risks. This would avoid exposure during periods of higher energy flow when the bed could be mobilised. This depth takes into consideration anticipated climate-change related changes in fluvial flows and erosion that will occur over time". The Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 4) | RR-o15:10 "The Onshore Export Cable Corridor would use trenchless methods to cross Main Rivers. This means that Main Rivers would not be directly disturbed." Please provide evidence that the trenchless crossing techniques used will be a sufficient depth below the watercourse to prevent any future interaction of the cable with the riverbed which may result from vertical incision. Cross-referencing with the geomorphology report should be made to show site-specific considerations have been made. At the SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April 2025 the Environment Agency agreed that the depth could be confirmed as part of the Crossing Method Statement and this would include consideration of 'local geology and geomorphological risks' to agree a suitable depth to avoid future exposure and consider potential maintenance activities. They queried how the requirement to agree a Crossing Method Statement was secured in the DCO. | |







| SoCG ID | Discussion Point | Applicants' Position | Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| | | Environment Agency, Internal Drainage Board (IDB), Network Rail or the relevant planning authority." | | |
| | | The depth of the crossing will consider both further detailed geotechnical investigations and the outcomes of Appendix 20-2 Geomorphological Baseline Survey Technical Report [APP-166] report which can be used to understand the likely response to high flows and give some indication of the potential for scour. This can be agreed with the Environment Agency as part of the Crossing Method Statement(s). | | |
| | | The Crossing Method Statement must be agreed with the Environment Agency prior to construction for all Main Rivers, including those listed in RR-o15: 2. Further detail on the depth of the crossing considering further detailed geotechnical investigations has been added to section 5.15 of Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 2) [AS-o94] secured through Requirement 19 of the Draft DCO [AS-130] to provide further clarification. | | |
| | | Thirteen major watercourses were identified for the geomorphological walkover survey in Appendix 20-2 Geomorphological Baseline Survey Technical Report [APP-166]. All the surveyed reaches are largely artificial drains characterised by re-sectioning for flood defence and drainage purposes. All the surveyed reaches are set within | | |







| SoCG ID | Discussion Point | Applicants' Position | Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| | | sediment deposition zones, with slow flows, low gradients and low velocities contributing to the settling out of fine sediments/silts by low energy glide flows. Most channels are characterised by riparian vegetation, which will help to increase channel roughness and reduce flow velocities. There was little evidence of active bank erosion or bank protection structures, which suggests that high energy erosive flows are uncommon in the study area. Most of the fine sediment in the surveyed areas is likely to have been sourced from the surrounding arable fields. | | |
| | | Overall, the geomorphological characteristics of the study area suggest there is limited potential for significant vertical channel incision of sufficient magnitude to expose the buried Onshore Export Cables. | | |
| | | The Applicants have committed to a minimum depth of at least 2m below bed level at all Main River crossings, as detailed in section 6.3.2.6 of the Outline Code of Construction Practice [AS-094] 'Trenchless techniques will be used for Main River crossings as confirmed and agree with the Environment Agency, LLFA and IDB there will be no impact on flood risk during the construction works. The cable entry and exit pits will be at least 20m from any 'Main River,' or from the nearest toe of any flood defences and would be installed at a depth to minimise potential interaction with | | |







| SoCG ID | Discussion Point | Applicants' Position | Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--------------------|
| | | current, or any planned, infrastructure (e.g., sheet piles), at least 2m below the channel bed.' | | |
| | | This was discussed with the Environment Agency at the Statement of Common Ground (SoCG) meeting on the og/10/2024 and the Environment Agency agreed to come back with any further comments or agreement. | | |
| | | At the SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April 2025 this response was discussed further and it was agreed the wording of Section 5.15 of the Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 4) [document reference 8.9] documented above and the amendments to the protective provisions would be reviewed to agree they provide sufficient security that a crossing method statement must be agreed with the Environment Agency prior to construction. | | |
| 83. | River Crossing (Main Rivers) | There are four Environment Agency Main Rivers which may require a temporary crossing for access. These are located in Appendix 5-2 Obstacle Crossing Register (Revision 4) [document reference: 7.5.5.2] and include Stream Dike (Wx-025), Holderness Drain (Wx-035), Monk Dike (WX-029) and Meaux and Routh East Drain (WX-030). The Applicants can commit to the temporary crossing of the Stream Dike and Holderness Drain for access by clear span bridge. There is however no construction access to the location between Monk Dike and Meaux and Routh East Drain. There is also | RR-o15:2: In Flood Risk and Hydrology Consultation Responses [APP-165] the Environment Agency note that main river crossings will be at a depth to minimise potential interaction with current or possible planned infrastructure. The Environment Agency expect to see clear span methods used if crossing main rivers for access purposes. | |





| SoCG ID | Discussion Point | Applicants' Position | Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---------------------|--|--|--------------------|
| | | no construction access available to the land between the watercourses to allow construction of embankments / footings for clear span temporary bridges and therefore a culvert crossing of one watercourse would be needed to achieve access. The Applicants have therefore proposed the crossing of Monk Dike by clear span bridge and the crossing of Meaux and Routh East Drain by temporary culvert crossing. This was discussed with the Environment Agency at the Statement of Common Ground (SoCG) meeting on the og/10/2024 and Appendix 5-2 Obstacle Crossing Register (Revision 2) [AS-054] was updated to confirm this in November 2024. Section 6.3.2.6 of Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 2) [AS-094], was also updated in November 2024 to confirm this. The Applicants also confirmed at the SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April that measures where temporary dams are used for a culvert crossing are already included in Section 6.3.2.6 paragraph 207 of the Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 4) [document reference 8.9]. The Environment Agency agreed to review these and provide any further comment. The Applicants confirmed that additional wording has already been added to the Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 4) [document reference 8.9] in section 6.3.2.6 at Deadline 5 to confirm that all Main Rivers would | This was discussed at the SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April 2025 and the crossing of Meaux and Routh East Drain (WX-030) by temporary culvert crossing, was agreed in principle. However suitable control measures would need to be in place and a Crossing Method Statement agreed with the Environment Agency. In addition, the Environment Agency has some concerns about the reinstatement of the river bank at this crossing location and would be seeking agreement for post construction monitoring and a suitable bank stabilisation technique, if required at this location. The Environment Agency have agreed to review the wording in the OCoCP (Revision 4) [document reference: 8.9], detailed in the Applicants Position. Therefore, this point remains under discussion. | |







| SoCG ID | Discussion Point | Applicants' Position | Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|--|--|--|--------------------|
| | | have their banks reinstated and the engineering design, including a suitable banks stabilisation technique, if required would be agreed as part of the Crossing Method Statement. | | |
| | | The Applicants agreed to consider the point about monitoring of the Meaux and Routh East Drain river bank following reinstatement and explained that any stabilisation technique would be designed to remain in place for the operational life time of the Projects and should any slippage be identified it would be the responsibility of the OFTO to repair it in consultation with the Environment Agency. Flood defence monitoring is already committed to in section 6.3.2.7 of the Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 4) [document reference 8.9]. | | |
| | River Crossing (Main Rivers) – depth of crossings | The Applicants acknowledge the need to agree the details of the crossing method / design with the Environment Agency to ensure the adoption of an appropriate depth for each Main River crossing. A Crossing Method Statement must be agreed with the Environment Agency prior to construction for all Main Rivers, this would include an agreement on the minimum depth below bed level for the installation of the Cable ducts based on detailed site investigation. This was discussed | RR-o15:2: The Environment Agency recommend that the final depth below each main river crossing be both based on detailed site investigation and agreed with the Environment Agency (as detailed in the ES and the FRA). The following watercourses are those where we have most concern, and where depths are likely to need to be maximised: Monk Dyke; Routh & Meaux East Drain; | |







| SoCG ID | Discussion Point | Applicants' Position | Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
|------------|---------------------|---|---|--------------------|
| | | with the Environment Agency at the Statement of Common Ground (SoCG) meeting on the og/10/2024 and further detail has been added to section 5.15 of the Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 2) [AS-094] secured through Requirement 19 of the Draft DCO [AS-130] to provide further clarification. This was discussed further at the meeting on the 22 nd April 2025 and it was agreed the Environment Agency would review the wording in Section 5.15 of the Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 4) [document reference 8.9], secured through Requirement 19 of the Draft DCO (Revision 7) [document reference: 3.1]. The Applicants also confirmed the Environment Agency also have their own Protective Provisions in Schedule 15, Part 3 of the Draft DCO (Revision 7) [document reference: 3.1] and these include the following wording 'Before beginning to construct any specified work, the undertaker must submit to the Agency plans of the specified work and such further particulars available to it as the Agency may within 28 days of the receipt of the plans reasonably request.' | River Hull; and Beverley & Barmston Drain. ne SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April 2025 the Environment Agency agreed that the depth below each Main River crossing could be confirmed as part of the Crossing Method Statement, based on the outcomes of further geotechnical investigation, the detailed design and discussions with the Environment Agency concerning the construction of any future flood defences. The Environment Agency queried how the requirement to agree a Crossing Method Statements was secured in the DCO. | |
| | | The Applicants provided comments on the Protective provisions to the Environment Agency on the 4 th April and it was agreed at the SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April that a separate meeting with the legal team would be required to agree them. In addition, the Environment Agency will | | |





| SoCG Disc ID Poir | cussion nt | Applicants' Position | Environment Agency's Position | Position Status |
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| | | consider if DCO Requirement 19 and the protective provisions are sufficient to secure that a crossing method statement must be agreed prior to construction and no further amendment to the DCO requirement is required. | | |
| (Mai Futu mair of flo defe Dep cabl stan | ntenance | The Applicants acknowledge any meetings to agree the crossing method statement with the Environment Agency, could include the Asset Performance and Projects teams to agree the appropriate depth for main river crossings. This was discussed with the Environment Agency at the Statement of Common Ground (SoCG) meeting on the og/10/2024 and further detail has been added to the Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 2) [AS-094]. In response to the Environment Agency query on what distance above the proposed cable the Applicants would be comfortable to allow piling to occur above it. This would depend on ground conditions and method of piling. The Applicants would require notification of any works within 20m of the cable ducts and an impact assessment to be undertaken to ensure that the consequences of any piling works were as low as reasonably practicable (ALARP) risk to our assets. At the Environment Agency Statement of Common Ground and Relevant Representation Meeting (09/10/24) the | RR-o15:2: We would need to ensure that the proposed cable does not prevent us from carrying out remedial or future works, such as embankment reprofiling or piling. We would also strongly recommend a meeting with respect to the main river crossings to include our Asset Performance and Projects teams to discuss the crossings. With respect to the depth of the crossings below main rivers, what distance above the proposed cable would the applicant be comfortable / allow piling to occur above it? For example, if the cable were at a depth of 20m what depth would we be able to pile to, 10m, 15m, 18m? (i.e. would there be an exclusion zone above the cable?) At the meeting on the 22 nd April the Environment Agency confirmed that the depth of the crossing below bed level could be agreed as part of the Crossing Method Statement. This would include agreeing a suitable depth considering piles for future flood defences. | |







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| | | Applicants confirmed that it is difficult to commit to a specific burial depth, so a risk assessment would be carried out at the time, based on information from final investigations and the type of piling to be carried out. Section 5.15 of the Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 2) [AS-094] has been updated to clarify that a Crossing Method Statement must be agreed with the Environment Agency prior to construction for all Main Rivers, including those listed in RR-015: 2, this would include an agreement on the minimum depth below bed level for the installation of the Cable ducts based on detailed site investigation. | The Environment Agency queried how the requirement to agree a Crossing Method Statement was secured in the DCO. | |
| | | At the meeting on the 22 nd April 2025 this response was discussed further and it was agreed the wording of Section 5.15 of the Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 4) [document reference 8.9] as documented above the amendments to the protective provisions would be reviewed to agree they provide sufficient security that a crossing method statement must be agreed with the Environment Agency prior to construction. | | |
| | River Crossing (Main Rivers) – Vibration | This was discussed with the Environment Agency at the Statement of Common Ground (SoCG) meeting on the og/10/2024 and detail on construction vibration was added to section 6.3.2.6 of the Outline Code of Construction | RR-015: 6: We would recommend that vibration is taken into account when considering impact on main rivers or their associated defences — to ensure that it does not have an adverse effect on those | |







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| | | Practice (Revision 2) [AS-094] in November 2024 and secured through Requirement 19 of the Draft DCO [AS-130] to provide further clarification. Vibration and settlement predictions will be considered in the detailed design of the trenchless crossing e.g. Horizontal Directional Drilling (HDD) methodology to specify a drill path and depth to avoid impact on existing assets being crossed. As was detailed in section 6.3.2.7 the of the Outline Code of Construction Practice (OCoCP) [AS-094], the Applicants have committed to Flood Defence Monitoring to be agreed with the Environment Agency prior to construction. This was discussed at the meeting on the 22 nd April. The Applicants consider this matter agreed. | assets and does not reduce the standard of protection afforded by those assets. This was discussed at the SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April and agreed that sufficient wording had been added to the SoCG to agree this issue. | |
| 78. | Flood Risk Activity Permits (EPR) | The Applicants acknowledge this comment. If Flood Risk Activity Permits (EPR) are not disapplied through the DCO process, the Applicants will ensure that all relevant permits are applied for prior to construction. The Applicants The Applicants received the draft protective provisions on the 21st March 2025 and provided comments to the Environment Agency on the 4th April 2025. A meeting has been requested with the Environment legal team to agree if the proposed changes are acceptable. A | RR-015: 3: We note that if Flood Risk Activity Permits (EPR) are not disapplied through the DCO process that the applicant will ensure that all relevant permits are applied for and gained before works commence. The Environment Agency issued draft Protective Provisions on the 21 st March 2025. | |





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| | | representative was unable to attend the meeting on the 22 nd April 2025. | | |
| 81. | Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) | The Applicants reviewed the proposed locations of each of the temporary construction compounds alongside each source of flood risk within Appendix 20-4 Flood Risk Assessment [APP-168]. Where possible, temporary construction compounds have been located within Flood Zone 1 or in areas at low risk from surface water flooding. The Applicants acknowledge the recommendation with regard to those Temporary Construction Compounds which need to be located within either Flood Zone 2 or Flood Zone 3. | RR-o15: 4: In section 20.4.4.4.2 of the Flood Risk Assessment [APP-168] we note that the majority of the temporary construction compounds are to be located in flood zone 1. This section also details that there are likely to be 2 temporary construction compounds located in flood zone 2 & 2 in flood zone 3. We would recommend that these are in accordance with the mitigation recommendations in East Riding of Yorkshire Council's Level 1 SFRA. | |
| | | Mitigation measures, as recommended in the East Riding of Yorkshire Council Level 1 SFRA have been considered by the Applicants and were included within the Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 3) [REP1-025]. The final Code of Construction Practice(s) will need to be approved by the relevant planning authority prior to the commencement of the relevant works, which is secured through Requirement 19 of the Draft DCO [AS-130]. This was discussed further at the SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April 2025 and it was agreed that further detail would be provided by the Applicants concerning flood risk and the | This was discussed at the SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April 2025, the Environment Agency confirmed that although the East Riding of Yorkshire Council's Level 1 SFRA measures had been included in the section 6.3.2.5 of the Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 4) [document reference 8.9], they would request further review of the latest flood risk data provided as part of an updated data request in April 2025 with additional clarification provided on the 22 nd April 2025. This review is requested to confirm the potential flood risk to residential properties from the temporary | |







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| | | TCC's, where possible, in the technical note titled 'Flood Risk and Climate Change Technical Note' for Deadline 5 as agreed in ISH4 on the 9th April 2025. This would include consideration as to whether further consideration of mitigation measures should be added to section 6.3.2.5 of the Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 4) [document reference 8.9]. The Applicants confirmed measures to be included in a 'Emergency Response, Evacuation and Pollution Control Plan' would be agreed with ERYC in consultation with the Environment Agency, as currently detailed in Table 3-2 of the Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 4) [document reference 8.9] and section 5.18.1 - Flood Management Emergency Measures. This would include a review of the existing text in the Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 4) [document reference 8.9] on the approach to be adopted to ensure safe access / egress from the TCC's located in Flood Zone 3. The Applicants noted both TCC's had a clear access to the A1035, the Contractor would be required to monitor flood warnings for these locations and implement actions for personnel to be evacuated to Flood Zone 1. It was also discussed at the SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April 2025 that both TCC would be approximately 75m x 75m and that with the measures outlined in section 6.3.2.5 including | compound located adjacent to the A1035 would not be increased, if it was to remain in place for up to 6 years. The temporary compound located to the north of Tickton was not considered to have increased flood risk as there are no residential receptors in proximity. In addition, it was requested that confirmation of the need for an access / egress and flood evacuation plan was documented appropriately for both locations regarding flood risk to the site and those working on it and that consideration of measures such as raising any temporary structures above ground and potential flood level will be considered. | |







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| | | the requirement not to raise the ground levels and ensure gaps are maintained in stock piles the Applicants considered the temporary impact on flood risk to be minimal. The Environment agreed to review this response and the 'Flood Risk and Climate Change Technical Note' at Deadline 5. | | |
| 83. | 7.5 Environmental Statement – Pages 136/340 | The Applicants acknowledge this comment. With regards to the long-term impact, it is noted that the Outline Code of Construction Practice (Revision 4) [document reference 8.9]states at para 207, that "The Onshore Export Cables will be set below the channel bed at a depth dependent on local geology and geomorphological risks. This would avoid exposure during periods of higher energy flow when the bed could be mobilised. This depth takes into consideration anticipated climate-change related changes in fluvial flows and erosion that will occur over time". A geomorphology walkover survey has been undertaken (Appendix 20-2 Geomorphological Baseline Survey Technical Report [APP-166]). All of the surveyed reaches are largely artificial drains characterised by re-sectioning for flood defence and drainage purposes. All of the surveyed reaches are set within sediment deposition zones, with slow flows, low gradients and low velocities contributing to the settling out of fine sediments/silts by | RR-015:11: "It is anticipated that the onshore electrical cables would be left in-situ with ends cut, sealed and buried to minimise environmental effects associated with removal." The development should avoid designs which present legacy risks to natural processes and geomorphology beyond the project lifespan. The decommissioning phase of this project involves leaving cables in-situ. Therefore, as outlined in the comment above, we would like to see evidence that the cables are placed at a sufficient depth under the watercourses to avoid exposure resulting from potential future incision which would become an impediment to natural processes. The development should not pose a risk to future restoration of floodplain areas and watercourses and should consider the long-term evolution of the fluvial systems present. | |







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| | | low energy glide flows. Most channels are characterised by riparian vegetation, which will help to increase channel roughness and reduce flow velocities. There was little evidence of active bank erosion or bank protection structures, which suggests that high energy erosive flows are uncommon in the study area. Most of the fine sediment in the surveyed areas is likely to have been sourced from the surrounding arable fields. | This was discussed at the SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April 2025. As above, it was agreed the depth of the crossing would be agreed as part of the Crossing Method Statement and this would include consideration of 'local geology and geomorphological risks' to agree a suitable depth to avoid future exposure and consider potential maintenance activities. | |
| | | Overall, the geomorphological characteristics of the study area suggest there is limited potential for significant vertical channel incision of sufficient magnitude to expose the decommissioned (buried Onshore Export Cables). Further information on the decommissioning phase will be set out in a Decommissioning Plan to be prepared within six months of the permanent cessation of commercial operation of the Projects and approved by the relevant planning authority. This would include the consideration of the removal of the buried Onshore Export Cables and associated environmental effects at that time. The requirement for a decommissioning plan is secured by Requirement 27 of the Draft DCO [AS-120]. | The Environment Agency agreed to review the response provided by the Applicants in October 2024 and confirm if they agreed as the relevant Environment Agency specialist was unable to attend the SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April 2025. | |
| | | This was discussed with the Environment Agency at the Statement of Common Ground (SoCG) meeting on the | | |









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| | | 09/10/2024 and the Environment Agency agreed to come back with any further comments or agreement. | | |
| | | This was discussed again at the SoCG meeting on the 22 nd April 2025 and the Environment Agency provide any comments prior to Deadline 5. | | |







4 Summary

This SoCG has outlined the consultation that has taken place between the Applicants 18. and the Environment Agency during the pre-application and pre-examination phases. This SoCG will be updated as discussions progress and made available to PINS as requested through the DCO examination phase.





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